

Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration
(Non-Mandatory-Form)
Form Approved
OMB No. 1218-0072

IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List) Ultra Shine	<i>Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.</i>
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Section I – Identity	NA = Not Applicable NIA = No Information Available
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Manufacturer's Name Royaltone Company Inc	Emergency Telephone Number 918 663-9666
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Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) 9504 E 55th St	Telephone Number For Information 918-622-6677
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Tulsa OK 74145	Date Prepared 1/25/05
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Chemical Family Aerosol paint ID# 20L001N-11.5	Signature of Preparer (optional)
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Section II – Hazardous Ingredients

Chemical Identity; Common Name(s) Carcinogen	CAS #	%	LEL	vapor press mg/Hg @ 20C	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	SAR313	List
Acetone	67-64-1	20.0	12.8	181.0	750	750	N	N
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	15.0	1.8	83.0	200	200	Y	N
Propane	74-98-6	15.0	2.2	110.0	1000	1000	N	N
N-Butyl Acetane	123-86-4	12.0	1.7	6.3	150	150	N	N
Isopropyl Acetate	108-21-4	10.0	N/A	N/A	250	250	N	N
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	7.0	2.2	29.3	400	400	N	N
N-Butyl	106-97-8	7.0	1.8	17.0	800	800	N	N
Isopropanol	67-63-0	6.0	2.0	33.0	400	400	N	N
2-Ethylhexyl Acetate	103-09-3	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N	N
N-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	1.0	1.4	4.4	50	50	Y	N
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	85-68-7	1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Y	N

Section III – Physical Data

Boiling Point	-43F – 340F	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1)	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	340	Melting Point	
Vapor Density (AIR=1)	heavier	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Faster than ether
pH ,1%		% Voatile	99.4

Solubility In Water
negligible

Appearance and Odor
opaque spray- solvent odor

Section IV – Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
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Flash Point (Method Used) less than 12°F	Flammable Limits	LEL 14.8	UEL 22.0
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Extinguishing Media
Use (NFPA) Class B extinguisher CO2, or foam

Special Fire Fighting Procedures
Fight fire from safe distance. Wear full protective equipment, including self contained breathing gear

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards
Pressure build up due to heat exposure may cause containers to explode. Water may be used to cool ruptured containers

Section V – Physical Hazards / Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid High temperatures and open flames
	Stable	x	

Incompatibility (*Materials to Avoid*) **unknown**Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts **carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide**

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	x	

Section VI – Health Hazard Data

Routes(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Eyes?	Ingestion?
	yes	yes		

Health Hazards (*Acute and Chronic*)

Acute: Anesthetic effect. Irritation of the respiratory tract or acute nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness or coma Chronic: reports have associated repeated and prolonged over-exposure to solvents with liver, kidney, brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
Not considered carcinogen	no	no	no no

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Eye: contact may cause redness, irritation, tearing and blurred vision Skin: contact may dry skin causing cracks and irritation Ingestion: may be harmful or fatal if swallowed

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

Asthma and other respiratory ailments. Chemical sensitization.**Section VII – First Aid Measures**

1. Inhalation **Remove from exposure. Administer oxygen if necessary. Call a physician**
2. Eyes **immediately flush with water for 15 minutes**
3. Skin **remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contact area with soap and water. Wash clothing and shoes before reuse**
4. Ingestion **drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Contact Physician or Poison ControlCenter immediately**

Section VIII – Preventive Measures

Respiratory Protection (*Specify Type*) **In areas with unrestricted ventilation, an OSHA approved respirator to remove solid airborne particles of over spray may be used if prolonged and repeated exposure likely. In areas of restricted ventilation, the use of OSHA approved chemical/mechanical filter designed to remove both particles and vapors is recommended.**

Ventilation	Local Exhaust yes	Special Supply sufficient ventilation to keep air contaminant concentration below current OSHA (PEL) or ACGIH(TLV)
	Mechanical (<i>General</i>) yes	Other none

Protective Gloves

Use if contact is likely

Eye Protection

safety glasses to prevent eye contact

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Eye wash solutions and safety showers

Work/Hygienic Practices

Wash hands before eating or using washroom**Section IX – Special Precautions / Spill Leak Procedures**

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Eliminate all ignition sources. Provide ventilation. Collect spills with absorbent material and non sparking tools

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose in accordance with all federal, state, and local regulations. Do not incinerate containers

Precautions to Be Taking in Handling and Storing

Avoid breathing vapors- Do not store in areas above 120°F or near fire or open flame. When storing in large quantities, storage conditions should comply with OSHA 1910.106

Other Precautions

Avoid getting in eyes. Use in well ventilated area- Prevent prolonged or repeated breathing of vapor or spray mist. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children.

Section X- Other Information
