

Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration
(Non-Mandatory-Form)

Form Approved

OMB No. 1218-0072

IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List) Micro Time Mist w/ Odor Counteractant	<i>Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.</i>
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Section I – Identity		NA = Not Applicable NIA = No Information Available			
Manufacturer's Name Waterbury Companies, Inc.	Emergency Telephone Number 800 424-9300				
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) PO Box 640	Telephone Number For Information 703 527-3887				
Independence, LA 70443	Date Prepared				
Chemical Family	Signature of Preparer (optional)				

Section II – Hazardous Ingredients					
Chemical Identity; Common Name(s)	CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits	%(optional)
Acetone	67-64-1	1000ppm	750ppm	1000ppm ACGIH	35-45
Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether	111-90-0	NE	NE	NE	25-35
Perfume Oils- trade secret	NA	NE	NE	NE	5-15
Propane	74-98-6	1000ppm	1000ppm	1000ppm TWA	25-35

Section III – Physical Data			
Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1)	0.73
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	4.395	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR=1)	N/A	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
pH ,1%	N/A	% Volatile	N/A
Solubility In Water- Appreciable			
Appearance and Odor- Dry spritz with various characteristic fragrances			

Section IV – Fire and Explosion Hazard Data			
Flash Point (Method Used)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
Extinguishing Media – Alcohol type or all purpose foam for large fires. CO2 or dry chemical for small fires			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures- self contained air supply suggested. Keep containers cool to avoid bursting. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards-Exposures to temperatures above 120' F may cause bursting.			

Section V – Physical Hazards / Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to
	Stable		

Incompatibility (*Materials to Avoid*)- Oxidizing materials, alkalis, acids, chlorinated compounds

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts- may liberate carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid- Heat, Sparks, and Open flame
	Will Not Occur		
None known			

Section VI – Health Hazard Data

Routes(s) of Entry:	Inhalation? yes	Skin? yes	Ingestion? yes
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Health Hazards (*Acute and Chronic*)- acetone is irritating and possibly injurious to eye if not removed promptly. Acetone may increase the toxicity to liver and kidney of chemicals such as ethanol, 1,2-dichloroethane, and chloroform. Humans with liver and kidney disease may be at increased risks to this potential effect

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
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Signs and Symptoms of Exposure- high vapor concentrations may cause upper respiratory tract irritation, narcosis (sleepiness, dizziness etc) and eye irritation. Prolonged skin contact may cause mild to moderate local redness and swelling. Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation, experienced as discomfort or pain, excessive blinking and tear production, with marked excess redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Corneal injury may occur.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis

Section VII – First Aid Measures

1. Inhalation- if large concentrations are inhaled, immediately move to fresh air. Keep person calm. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If labored breathing give oxygen.

2. Eyes- Immediately flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Do not remove contact lenses. Seek immediated medical attention.

3. Skin- remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash affected areas of skin with soap and water. Consult physician with irritation persists.

4. Swallowed- call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia hazard. Never induce vomiting or give anything to a person unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

Section VIII – Preventitive Measures

Respiratory Protection (*Specify Type*)- not required, avoid breathing spray

Ventilation	Local Exhaust- not required	Special
	Mechanical (<i>General</i>)- not required	Other

Protective Gloves- not required, avoid contact with skin	Eye Protection- safety glasses recommended when installing to avoid possible contact with eyes
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Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Work/Hygienic Practices- follow label instructions.

Section IX – Special Precautions / Spill Leak Procedures

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Waste Disposal Method- do not reuse empty container. May be recycled where (steel) aerosol can recycling is available. Any remaining or collected liquid should be disposed in a safe manner at an approved facility in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Empty cans may contain residue. Avoid exposure to heat, flame, sparks, and sources of ignition.

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing

Other Precautions

Section X- Other Information

NFPA Ratings **Fire: 4 Health: 1 Reactivity: 0**
